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Lockheed Martin Missiles and Fire Control (LMMFC) of Orlando, FL, is currently in the process of producing components using Metal Matrix Composite (MMC) materials. This material is most desirable in high performance applications due to the improved material properties over monolithic metals. The most common MMC is cast aluminum reinforced with various amounts of silicon carbide. LMMFC is currently machining very high precision components for targeting systems made from cast aluminum/silicon carbide (AISiC) matrix material (with a very high SiC content) and is experiencing difficulty achieving the accuracy required due to excessive tool wear and failure from the properties of this material. Due to the increased demand for the manufacturing of targeting system components made from AISiC matrix material, LMMFC called upon the National Center for Defense Manufacturing and Machining (NCDMM) to research and provide a more efficient solution to produce these components to specifications required by LMMFC.		
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Aluminum / Silicon Carbide Matrix Material Machining for Targeting Systems



NCDMM Project No. 06-0081-02

PROBLEM / OBJECTIVE

Lockheed Martin Missiles and Fire Control (LMMFC) of Orlando, FL, is currently in the process of producing components using Metal Composite (MMC) materials. This material is most desirable in high performance applications due to the improved material properties over monolithic metals. The most common MMC is cast aluminum reinforced with various amounts of silicon carbide. LMMFC is currently machining very high precision components for targeting systems made from cast aluminum/silicon carbide (AISiC) matrix material (with a very high SiC content) and is experiencing difficulty achieving the accuracy required due to excessive tool wear and failure from the properties of this material.

Due to the increased demand for the manufacturing of targeting system components made from AlSiC matrix material, LMMFC called upon the National Center for Defense Manufacturing and Machining (NCDMM) to research and provide a more efficient solution to produce these components to specifications required by LMMFC.

ACCOMPLISHMNTS / PAYOFF





Tests were conducted by thread milling #6-32 & #8-32 in the AlSiC material.

Process Improvement

The NCDMM initiated the development of a solution by having test material, supplied by LMMFC sent to the NCDMM testing and development lab. The first phase of testing began by researching various tool geometries and the coatings that are associated with them. Once the cutting tool geometries were selected, they were tested and evaluated. Photos of

the tools were taken, tool wear was measured and all the data was recorded.

Test data results showed excessive tool wear, along with flaking of the tool's coating. In order to enhancer the quality of the coating, the NCDMM investigated the use of a more advanced tool coating along with implementation of new machining methodologies.

Follow-up test results showed a significant improvement to the tool wear issue. The NCDMM, with the assistance of its Alliance Partners, was able to combine key technologies and develop an advanced cutting tool that would efficiently produce these components to specifications required at the LMMFC facility.

Implementation and Technology Transfer

The following process and tool recommendations were made to LMMFC:

- Verification of the process to be implemented at LMMFC
- New advanced cutting tool technology tailored for machining very high precision components

Expected Benefits from the new Tool Geometry

- Increased productivity
- Thread milling instead of hand tapping
- Better part quality
- Greater use of AlSiC material components is now possible

TIME LINE / MILESTONE

Start Date......February 06 Recommendations Made.....July 06

PROJECT FUNDING

NCDMM Effort\$70K

PARTICIPANTS

Diamond Tool Coating Lockheed Martin Missiles & Fire Control, Orlando, FL Precorp Threadmills USA

For additional information concerning this project, contact the NCDMM at www.ncdmm.org